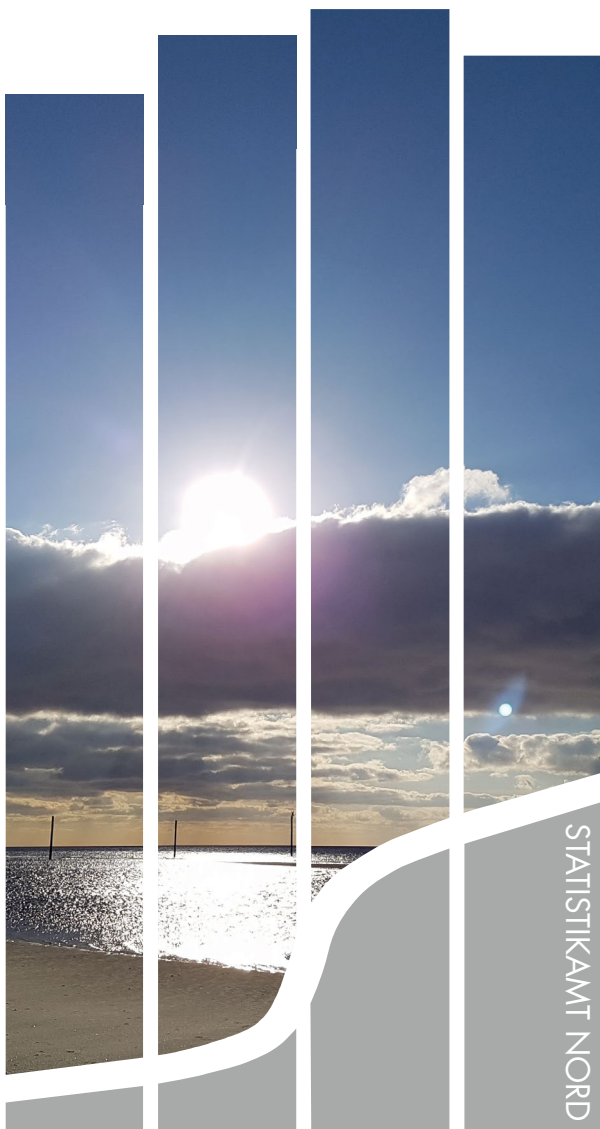


Schleswig-Holstein Facts and Figures



Statistical Office of
Hamburg and Schleswig-Holstein



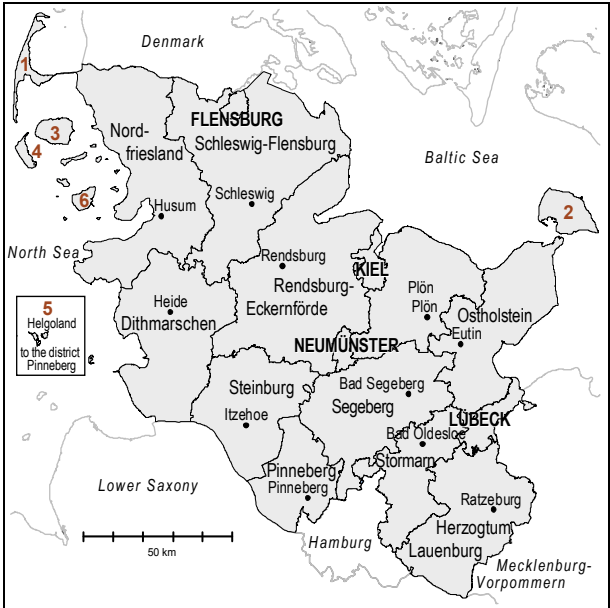
The Statistical Office for Hamburg and Schleswig-Holstein performs all statistics for the two federal states required by federal and EU laws, processes the data and interprets the results.

The objective and independently compiled statistics are equally available to politics, administration, the media, companies as well as private individuals. At the same time, they are included in Germany's nationwide statistical reporting. In addition, the Statistical Office for Hamburg and Schleswig-Holstein carries out individual customer surveys and offers services in the area of data preparation and analysis.

The Statistical Office for Hamburg and Schleswig-Holstein has emerged from the statistical regional offices Hamburg and Schleswig-Holstein. Since 2004 it operates as a public law institution in Hamburg and Kiel.

AREA

Schleswig-Holstein is divided into eleven districts and four independent cities. In total there are 1 106 municipalities in the northernmost state. The administration is ensured by 84 offices. Schleswig-Holstein's coasts comprise about 644 km on the North Sea and 686 km on the Baltic Sea. The largest cities are the state capital Kiel (247 943 inhabitants), Lübeck (216 318) and Flensburg (88 519). The largest inhabited islands are Sylt, Fehmarn, Föhr, Amrum, Helgoland and Pellworm. With nine inhabitants, Hallig Gröde is the smallest municipality in the country.



Larger islands¹ of Schleswig-Holstein

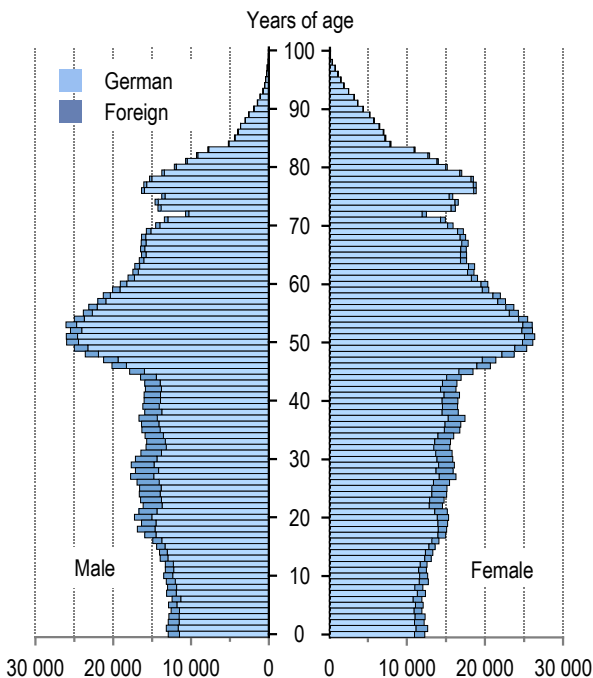
	Island	Population	Area in km ²	Births	Deaths	Inhabitants per km ²
1	Sylt	17 943	95.9	143	192	187
2	Fehmarn	12 536	185.5	69	191	68
3	Föhr	8 240	82.9	52	100	99
4	Amrum	2 314	20.4	19	25	113
5	Helgoland	1 246	4.2	8	22	296
6	Pellworm	1 137	37.4	8	21	30

¹ with at least 1 000 residents

POPULATION

Characteristic	1970	2011	2017
Total population	2 510 608	2 802 266	2 889 821
Women (%)	52.3	51.4	51.0
18-year-olds and younger (%)	27.4	17.0	16.3
65-year-olds and older (%)	14.2	21.9	22.9
Foreigners (%)	1.7	4.3	7.7
Average age	39.8	44.3	45.1
Arrivals	100 586	80 446	96 375
Departures	76 572	67 433	79 097
Births	35 171	21 331	25 066
Deaths	32 990	30 981	34 455
Population increase/decrease	+ 26 195	+ 3 363	+ 7 889
Marriages	18 591	16 019	17 593
Divorces	3 513	7 431	6 123

Population pyramid 2017 for Schleswig-Holstein



TOURISM

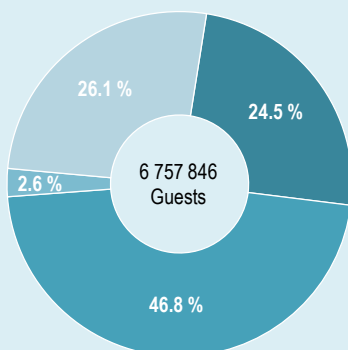
Characteristic	1995	2010	2017
Places of accommodation ¹	4 630	4 308	3 732
Beds	170 531	179 447	182 393
Guests	3 995 522	5 187 331	6 757 846
of which from abroad (%)	7.5	11.3	12.8
Overnight stays	21 988 262	21 371 962	26 270 116
Campsites ²	234	262	273
camping pitches	16 235	19 882	20 928
Guests	499 385	788 233	977 312
Overnight stays	2 870 335	3 098 360	3 621 743

¹ Until 2011 establishments with at least nine beds; from 2012 at least ten beds

² Until 2011 sites with at least three pitches; from 2012 at least ten pitches

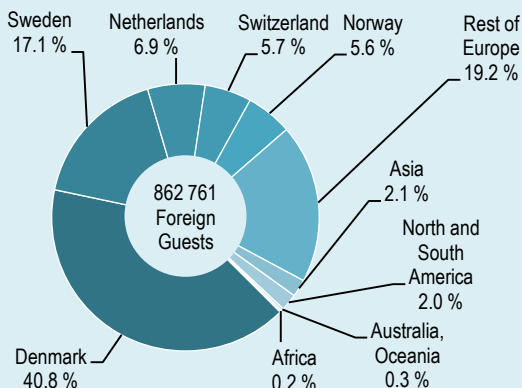
Guests by travel areas¹

- North Sea (5.7 days)
- Baltic Sea (3.6 days)
- Holsteinische Schweiz (4.3 days)
- Rest of Schleswig-Holstein (2.6 days)



¹ Value in brackets = average length of stay; without camping

Foreign guests by region of origin



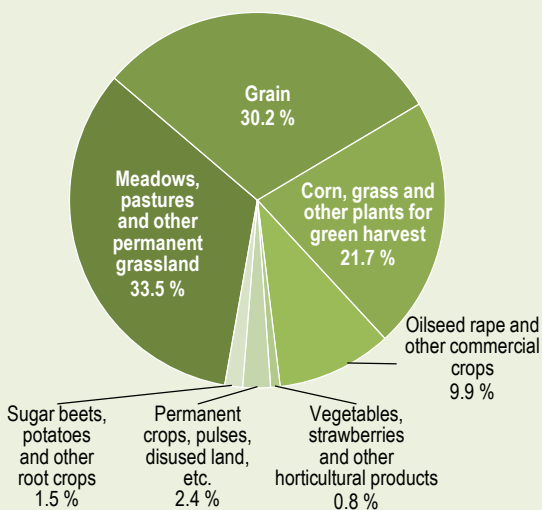
AGRICULTURE

Characteristic	1999	2010	2016
Agricultural holding ¹	20 706	14 087	12 603
UAA ² in hektare	1 032 443	995 637	990 403
Labour force	56 187	45 384	39 800
Pigs	1 365 131	1 620 161	1 461 628
Cattle	1 336 691	1 137 172	1 095 984
Sheep	363 813	281 728	205 685

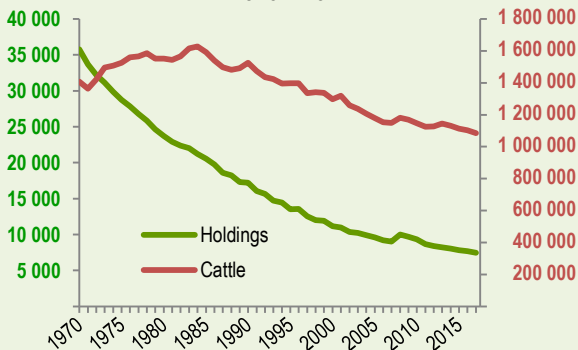
¹ from 2010 changed detection limits

² utilised agricultural area

Agricultural area by crop



Holdings with cattle and number of cattle 1970 – 2017



INDUSTRY & CONSTRUCTION

Industry

Characteristic	1980	2000	2017
Holdings ¹	1 659	1 494	1 314
Employees	183 495	140 983	129 935
Turnover in billion euro	15.9	28.1	37.9
Export propensity in %	16.2	31.7	38.1

¹ of companies with at least 20 employees

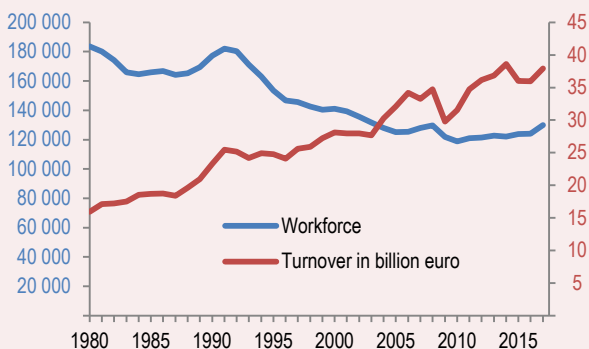
Construction industry

Characteristic	1980	2000	2017
Holdings ¹	2 972	3 375	2 676
Employees	57 886	35 413	25 860
Turnover in billion euro ²	2.2	3.1	3.3

¹ of companies with at least 20 employees

² each in the previous year

Industrial turnover and workforce



The five most produced goods¹

Product	Output value in billion euro	Share of total output value in %
Total	30.5	100
Food and animal feed	5.6	18.5
Machinery	4.6	15.0
Chemical products	2.8	9.3
Pharmaceutical and similar products	2.1	7.0
Coke products, mineral oil products	2.0	6.5

¹ of companies with at least 20 employees

EXTERNAL TRADE

Import and export by country and goods¹

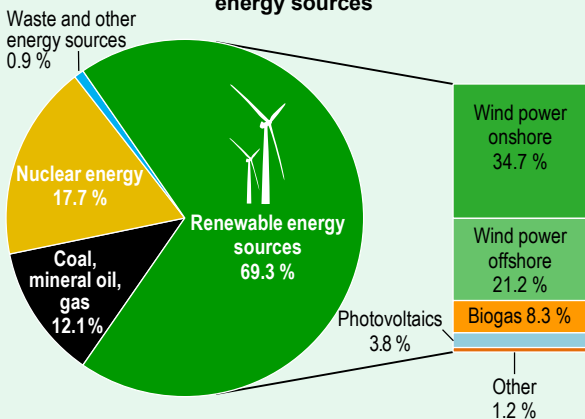
Import	Million euros	%
Total	20 778	100
of which from:		
China	2 931	14.1
Denmark	2 219	10.7
USA	1 438	6.9
of which goods:		
Pharmaceutical products	1 520	7.3
Mineral oil and natural gas	827	4.0
Medical equipment and orthopedic devices	681	3.3

Export	Million euros	%
Total	22 000	100
of which to:		
Denmark	1 737	7.9
USA	1 527	6.9
Netherlands	1 399	6.4
of which goods:		
Pharmaceutical products	1 706	7.8
Watercrafts	1 274	5.8
Chemical end products	1 101	5.0

¹ Due to the different demarcation between general trade (import) and special trade (export), a netting of the results is not justifiable.

ENERGY

Electricity produced in Schleswig-Holstein by energy sources



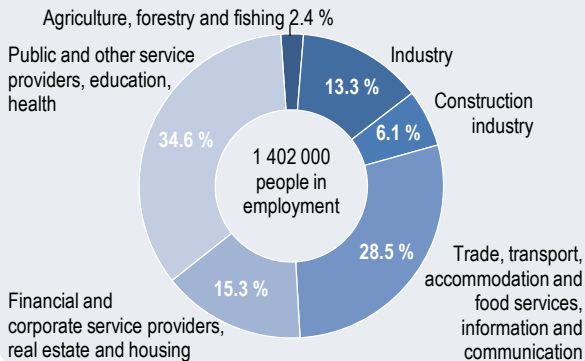
ECONOMY

Characteristic	2000	2010	2017
Gross domestic product in million euros (at current prices) ¹	64 149	73 898	93 367
Deviation compared to the previous year in percent (at current prices)	+ 2.3	+ 2.3	+ 3.9
Persons in employment at the place of work in 1 000 ^a	1 280.8	1 304.7	1 401.8
Employees subject to social insurance at the place of work (30.06.)	821 488	835 858	964 957
Registered unemployed in % ²	8.5	7.5	6.0

¹ calculation status March 2018; ^a calculation status May 2018

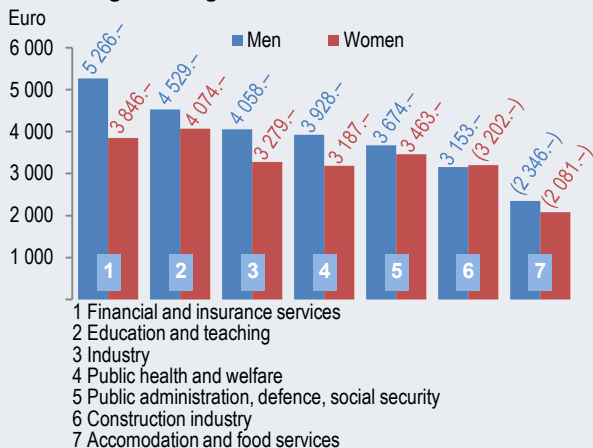
² related to all civilian labour force

Employment rate¹ by economic divisions



¹ at place of work; calculation status May 2018

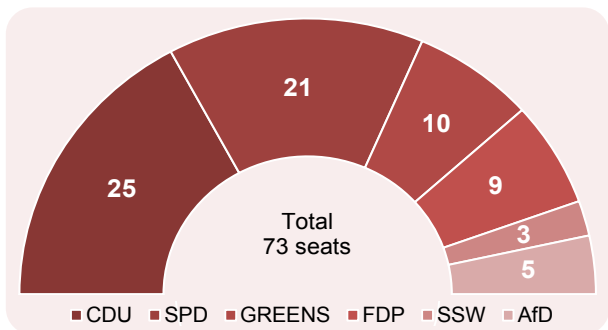
Average earnings in selected economic divisions



¹ gross monthly earnings of full-time employees
Value in brackets = limited information value

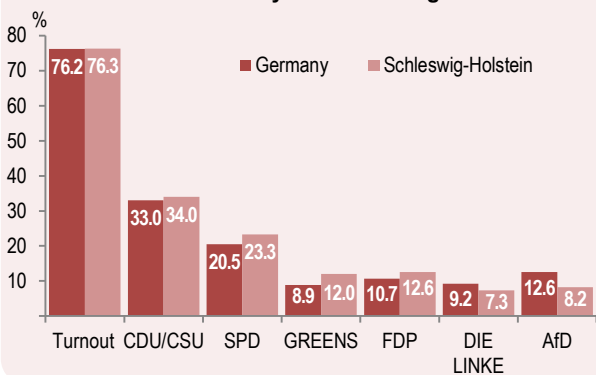
GOVERNMENT & POLITICS

The state parliament, the Schleswig-Holsteinische Landtag, was last elected on 7 May 2017 with the following distribution of seats:



Since 28 June 2017, Prime Minister Daniel Günther (CDU) governs with a coalition of CDU, GREENS and FDP. His cabinet consists of seven ministers.

Bundestag elections 2017: Results¹ in Germany and Schleswig-Holstein



¹ second vote

Naturalisations 2000 and 2017 – most frequently countries of origin

2000		2017	
Total	5 639	Total	2 714
of which:		of which:	
Turkey	2 490	Turkey	318
Iran	552	Poland	268
Yugoslavia	431	United Kingdom	244
Russ. Federation	169	Iraq	137
Lebanon	163	Kosovo	87

HISTORY

- 1362 The storm flood "Grote Mandränke" ("Great Drowning") changes the coastline of Schleswig-Holstein to its present form.
- 1386 Danes and Germans unite the Danish Principality of Schleswig and the German County of Holstein
- 1460 Ripener Letter of Liberty: The Danish King Christian I becomes Duke of Schleswig and Holstein
- 1542 Christian III introduces the Reformation
- 1665 Foundation of the Christian-Albrechts-University Kiel
- 1864 German-Danish War: Prussian-Austrian troops conquer the Danish Duchy of Schleswig
- 1867 Schleswig-Holstein becomes Prussian province
- 1876 Expansion of Schleswig-Holstein to include the Duchy of Lauenburg
- 1882 On 23 July 1882, 20 yachts start a regatta in Kiel, the first "Kiel Week"
- 1895 Emperor Wilhelm II opens the Kiel Canal
- 1918 The Kiel sailor uprising initiates the November Revolution of 1918 and thus the end of the First World War and the monarchy in Germany
- 1920 After referendum, cession of North Schleswig to Denmark
- 1940–1945 Heavy air strikes on Lübeck, Kiel and Flensburg, among other places
- 1946 Due to the influx of refugees and displaced persons, the population increases by about 1.0 million to 2.6 million compared to 1939
- 1950 Foundation of the federal state of Schleswig-Holstein
- 1955 Bonn-Copenhagen Declarations by Denmark and Germany on the recognition of the respective minorities
- 1987 Barschel affair: Prime Minister Barschel resigns
Lübeck's historic center becomes a UNESCO World Heritage Site
- 1993 Drawer affair: Prime Minister Engholm resigns
Heide Simonis is the first woman to govern a federal state of Germany
- 2009 The Wadden Sea becomes a UNESCO World Heritage Site
- 2018 The Viking settlement Haithabu and the boundary wall Danewerk become UNESCO World Heritage Sites

Unless otherwise stated, all information in this brochure
refers to the year 2017.

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