

Hamburg Facts and Figures



The Free and Hanseatic City of Hamburg is Germany's second largest city following Berlin. It is also, one of the states of the Federal Republic of Germany, called *Länder*. The city is located within the North German Plain in the lower reaches of the Elbe River, about 100 km from where the Elbe meets the North Sea.

CLIMATE

Average Temperature: Annual Average: 9.9° C
January: 0.5° C; April: 7.4° C; July: 17.0° C; October: 11.9° C

Number of Sunshine Hours: 1,484 per year
(33.1 % of total possible hours)

Average Precipitation: 764.8 mm
(averages of the years 2008 to 2017)

AREA

Total area: 755.1 square kilometres, of which **port area:**
71 square kilometres

Size of Outer Alster: 1.6 square kilometres

Size of Ohlsdorf Cemetery, the largest Cemetery in Europe:
3.9 square kilometres

Highest natural elevation: 116 metres above sea level; to be found in the Harburg Mts. in Neugraben-Fischbek (district)

Tallest building: TV tower, 279 metres high

St. Michaelis Church: Hamburg's landmark known fondly as the "Michel"; the spire measures 132 metres

The largest distance in East-West as well as North-South direction is approximately 40 kilometres.

ENVIRONMENT

Hamburg is a green city. 14.4 per cent of the municipal area are essentially parks, recreation areas and woodlands with bodies of water accounting for a further 8.1 per cent, thus contributing significantly to the city's recreational value. 70.8 square kilometres (9.4 per cent) are declared national parks, an additional 147 square kilometres (19.5 per cent) nature reserves.

In 2015, around 15.4 million tons of carbon dioxide were emitted in Hamburg, 2.6 million tons more than in 1990. 1.2 million tons of the total amount were emitted by private households.

Hamburg's industrial units invested 40 million Euro in measures aimed at the protection of the environment (3.9 per cent of total investments) in the year 2015. 11.2 million Euros thereof were invested into air protection schemes.

HAMBURG METROPOLITAN AREA

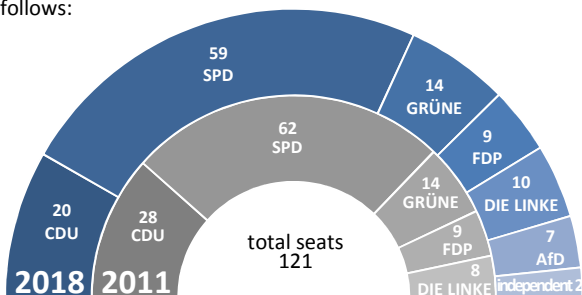
The Metropolitan Area comprises three independent cities and 17 districts in addition to the city of Hamburg.

These include the cities Lübeck and Neumünster, the districts Dithmarschen, Duchy of Lauenburg, Ostholstein, Pinneberg, Segeberg, Steinburg and Stormarn, which are located in the federal state of Schleswig-Holstein. In addition, Lower Saxony's districts Cuxhaven, Harburg, Lüchow-Dannenberg, Lüneburg, Rotenburg (Wümme), Heidekreis, Stade and Uelzen, as well as Mecklenburg-Vorpommern's city Schwerin, its districts Ludwigslust-Parchim and Northwest-Mecklenburg belong to the Area.

The Metropolitan Area covers a total ground of 28,529 sq. km and has a population of 5.3 million in 2016.

PARLIAMENT AND GOVERNMENT

The CityState parliament is known as the *Bürgerschaft*. The current and previous share of seats in the *Bürgerschaft* are as follows:



The state government is the *Senat*. Peter Tschentscher (SPD) is Lord Mayor, Katharina Fegebank (The Green Party) is Deputy Mayor. In addition to the Lord and Deputy Mayors ten senators make up the Senate body.

PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION

Hamburg is divided into seven administrative districts: Hamburg-Mitte, Altona, Eimsbüttel, Hamburg-Nord, Wandsbek, Bergedorf and Harburg.

Civil Servants in the service of the *Freie und Hansestadt Hamburg*: 78,349 (including 35.6 per cent part-time employees) of which 35,206 are employed in the school, college and university system.

The annual **tax revenue** amounts up to 53 billion Euros. This figure includes federal and community taxes. Hamburg's actual remaining tax income amounts to a total of twelve billion Euros.

MUNICIPAL SECURITY

8,877 police officers, of which 2,542 are women, work for the Hamburg Police Department and are in charge of the city's security.

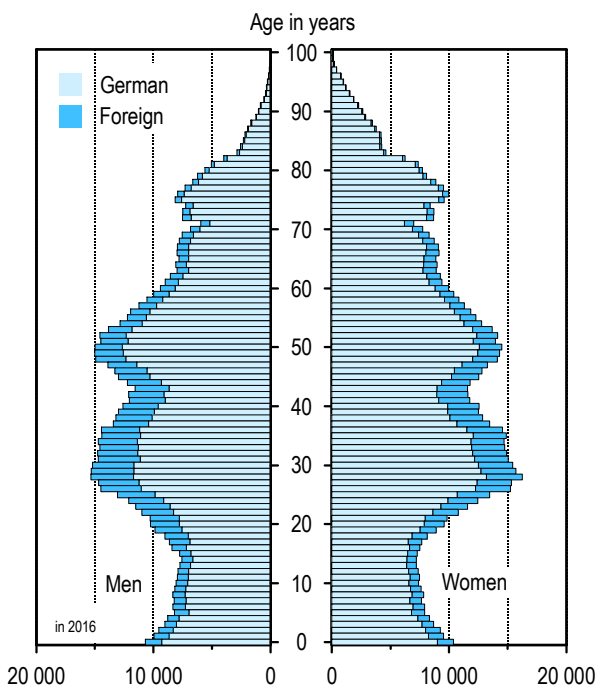
2,751 firemen are employed by the Hamburg Fire Brigade as well as another 2,630 fire fighters who are active in 86 Volunteer Fire Departments.

CONSULATES

In April 2018, 97 consular representations are located in Hamburg.

POPULATION

	2016	2006	1996
Total population	1,810,438	1,754,182	1,707,986
Women	924,149	898,050	884,085
Men	886,289	856,132	823,901
up to age 18 (in %)	16.4	15.6	16.1
18 – 65 years old (in %)	65.1	65.9	67.0
65 years and older (in %)	18.5	18.6	16.9
Other nationalities	282,132	248,246	259,472
Other nationalities (in %)	15.6	14.2	15.2
Total no. of households	974,000	957,000	909,000
Single households (in %)	49.4	50.1	48.0
Relocation to Hamburg	115,115	82,443	73,908
Relocation from Hamburg	94,914	70,713	70,221
Births	21,480	16,089	16,594
Deaths	17,267	17,101	20,196
Marriages	6,388	6,921	7,886
Divorces	3,204	4,583	4,306



EDUCATION

Schools of general education

222 grade schools, 73 high schools, 77 city district schools, 31 special schools, (pupils in attendance: 190,282) and seven Rudolf-Steiner-Schools (pupils in attendance: 3,313) and four evening schools (pupils in attendance: 1,581).

Schools of vocational training

36 vocational schools, 40 specialised vocational schools, 14 specialised secondary schools, 7 specialized high schools, 20 schools of advanced vocational training, 9 vocational secondary schools and 36 schools of health (pupils in attendance: 56,826)

Universities

22 universities with a total of 101,069 students registered for the 2016/2017 winter semester, of which

University of Hamburg:42,372 students

Hamburg University of Applied Sciences: 16,883 students

Hamburg University of Technology: 7,566 students

CULTURE

Elbphilharmonie with 4.1 million visitors, including 830,000 concert guests; the Hamburg Opera and two state theatres with a total attendance number of 982,000 during the 2016/2017 season; furthermore, 30 private theatres with 1.5 million visitors.

Planetarium with more than 380,000 visitors, Bucerius Art Forum with 205,000 visitors, Deichtorhallen with 199,349 visitors and five Hamburg museum foundations welcoming more than one million visitors; and running over 70 public and private museums.

In the year 2016 the foundation „Hamburg public libraries“ maintains 36 libraries. The total inventory comprises approximately 1.8 million books, cassettes, games and music notes, with the annual number of items borrowed adding up to nearly 14.0 million.

SPORTS

2014: 224 sports fields and 689 halls for gymnastics.

46 swimming halls incl. natural swimming pools and learning pools.

The Hamburg Sports Association with 819 clubs involving 525,053 members. Most popular sports (according to number of members): football (151,500), gymnastics (104,527), tennis (29,064).

SOCIAL FACILITIES

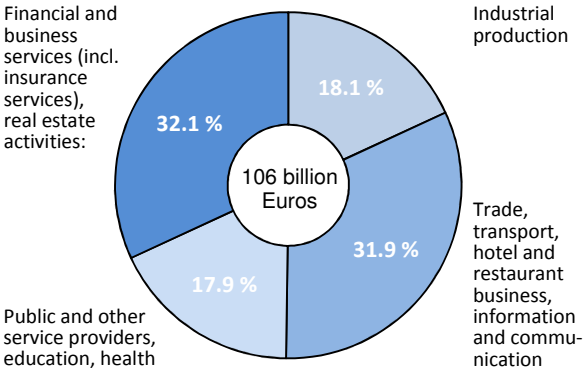
There are children's day-care centres and children's care facilities with a capacity totalling 79,249, 263 youth work facilities, 54 hospitals with a total bed capacity of 12,547 (in 2016), 152 in-patient care facilities with 17,932 beds, 82 meeting places for senior citizens and 392 out-patient and home-care facilities and 885 places in 40 day care facilities (in February 2018).

ECONOMY

Gross domestic product: 117.6 billion Euros

Hamburg's real gross national product (adjusted for price) has increased by 2.4 per cent since 2016.

Gross value added (i.e. excluding price increase):



Workforce in Hamburg:	1,247,100
of which Industrial production:	12.7 %
Trade, transport, hotel and restaurant business, information and communication:.....	32.4 %
Financial and business services (incl. insurance services), real estate activities:.....	25.5 %
Public and other service providers, education, health:	29.2 %

30 per cent of the Hamburg workforce are **commuters** who live outside of the city (in 2016).

Unemployment rate:

July 2017: 6.8 %; July 2016: 7.0 %

Gross monthly earnings of full time employees (including public servants):

women: 4,040 Euro
men: 5,046 Euro

The Media and Information Technology

Hamburg is a leading centre of the German creative industry. 17,302 firms in Hamburg belong to this industrial sector according to a study of the chamber of commerce. These include 4,953 design companies, 4,171 advertising firms, 1,752 publishing companies, 1,171 film and motion picture companies, 1,337 recording and culturally involved companies, 98 radio companies. According to a survey by the Hamburg Chamber of Commerce 8,829 IT companies are based in Hamburg.

TRADE

Foreign trade generated by Hamburg-based industries amounts annually to a total of 68.5 billion Euro in imports, thus accounting for 7.2 per cent of Germany's total import trade. 54.0 billion Euro are generated in exports, thus accounting for 4.5 per cent of Germany's total export trade.

In 2015 84,591 people were employed in the **wholesale industry**, with an annual turnover of 119.3 billion Euro. The **retail industry** employs 133,279 people and generating an annual turnover of 25.1 billion Euro in 2016.

Hotels and Restaurants

In 2016 the hotel and restaurant business employed a total of 61,101 people generating an annual turnover of 3.3 billion Euro. The overall hotel capacity counted 63,263 beds and more than 6.7 million guests who booked around 13.8 million overnight stays (in 2017).

Insurances

Traditionally, Hamburg is a major centre for insurance corporations, whereby life insurance, credit and transport insurance account for the bulk of business. The *Hamburger Feuerkasse*, founded in 1676, is worldwide the oldest insurance company.

Aviation

The aircraft construction corporation, *Airbus Operations*, and *Lufthansa Technik AG*, supplies aircraft engineering services in Hamburg and is one of the largest aviation industry locations in the world.

Manufacturing Industry

473 companies¹ are assigned to Hamburg's manufacturing industry, employing 87,831 people. The overall annual turnover in 2017 adds up to 78.2 billion Euro. The air and spacecraft industry occupied the highest numbers of employees with 22,300 people while the engineering industry 14,300 people employed.

Construction Business

794 companies¹ employing 9,404 people account for an annual turnover of 2.2 billion Euros in 2016.

HOUSING²

Housing plans approved per year	10,736
New housing completed	7,722
Units available ³	938,592
Average living space per resident	39.4 sq. m

1 Companies employing 20 or more persons in general

2 including housing in residential homes (in 2016)

3 Updated based on the final results of the 2011 Census

TRANSPORT

Motor vehicles: 907,426

of which 783,255 are private cars, 53,253 motorcycles and 56,640 lorries

Total length of road and path network: round 5,000 km
of which 81 km are highways

Number of bridges: around 2,500

Metro and rapid commuter trains in all zones serviced by the Hamburg Transit Authorities (HVV) (in 2016):

Length of track network: 899.8 km

Stops: 287

Length of bus network (in 2016): 14,023.1 km, Stops: 9,640

Total no. of public transport passengers: 771 million

Hamburg Airport

Take-offs and landings: 145,980 (commercial carriers only)

Passengers (except transit passengers): 17.6 million

Overseas Transport in the Port of Hamburg

Incoming ships:..... 8,088

Freight transshipment:136.8 million tonnes

of which received:.....78.8 million tonnes

shipped:.....58.1 million tonnes

Among the world's leading container ports, Hamburg ranks as the 18th largest container port in the world. Up to 8.9 million containers (Twenty-foot-Equivalent-Units) are transhipped with a total weight of 90.9 million tonnes.

Goods transported by **inland shipping:** 10.7 million tonnes

Cruise ship passengers

In 2017 170 cruise ships entered the port of Hamburg. 391,293 passengers boarded, while 383,733 departed.

CONGRESSES AND TRADE FAIRS

The Hamburg Trade Fair and Congress Co. organises and handles more than 40 trade fairs per year. The annual number of visitors amounts to approximately 700,000.

Fair grounds comprise a capacity of 87,000 square meters of exhibition space within eleven halls; additionally there are 10,000 square meters of open-air exhibition ground. The Congress Center Hamburg (CCH) has been modernized and rebuilt since 2017. From 2020, 12,000 sq. m. of exhibition space, 12,000 sq. m. of foyer space and 12,000 seats within up to 50 halls will be available.

MARKETS

The Hamburg wholesale market fruit, vegetables and flowers reaches 10 million consumers. In the year 2016, around 1.5 million tonnes were handled fruit and vegetables worth around two billion Euro.

At the central flower market flowers were sold accumulating 75 million Euros.

The *Hamburger Dom* amusement fair comes to town in spring, summer and autumn, regularly attracting approximately about seven and a half million fun-loving visitors.

HAMBURG ADMINISTRATIVE DISTRICTS

(Date of issue: December 31th in 2017)



Source: population register

HAMBURG RANKING COMPARED TO OTHER GERMAN CITIES IN 2016

City	Area in sq. km	Population ¹	Foreigners in % ¹	Unemployment rate in % ²
Berlin	891	3,574,830	16.7	9.8
Bremen	326	565,719	16.5	9.7
Dortmund	281	585,813	16.4	11.8
Dresden	328	547,172	6.3	7.3
Duisburg	233	499,845	19.9	13.0
Düsseldorf	217	613,230	19.2	7.8
Essen	210	583,084	14.7	11.9
Frankfurt/M.	248	736,414	28.2	6.3
Hamburg	755	1,810,438	15.6	7.1
Hanover	204	532,864	16.2	.
Cologne	405	1,075,935	19.1	8.7
Leipzig	298	571,088	8.3	8.8
Munich	311	1,464,301	25.9	4.6
Nuremberg	186	511,628	20.9	6.6
Stuttgart	207	628,032	24.2	5.3
Germany	357,578	82,521,653	11.2	6.1

¹ official update of the population

² Annual average; based on all civilian labour force

• = value unknown or kept secret

HISTORY

First settlements date back to the 7th century.

The Hammaburg Castle was built in early 9th century.

1189	(7 May) Emperor Barbarossa gives city royal charter, guaranteeing free river and sea trade
1321	Hamburg becomes member of Hanseatic League
1529	Reformation (Bugenhagen)
1558	Hamburg Stock Exchange established
1618	Hamburg becomes “free city of the Empire”
1678	Foundation of Germany’s first opera
1815	Hamburg becomes member of German Federation as (since 1819) <i>Freie und Hansestadt</i>
1842	(5 - 8 May) One third of city area destroyed by Great Fire
1888	Hamburg joined customs authority of “German Reich”; and installation of Free Port Zone with its famed <i>Speicherstadt</i> (warehouse complex)
1892	Cholera epidemic
1910	The population figure of the Hamburg city-state surpasses the one million mark
1918 - 1919	First democratic parliament election and the foundation of the university and the community college of Hamburg
1937	Greater Hamburg Bill: Incorporation of Altona, Harburg-Wilhelmsburg, Wandsbek and other areas under Prussian rule until then
1939 - 1945	In the Second World War about 55,000 people lose their lives in the air raids, more than half of all housing is destroyed
1952	The new constitution of Hamburg is put into power 1st July
1962	Flood catastrophe claims a total of 340 victims, hereof 317 in Hamburg
1996	Hamburg becomes the seat of the International Tribunal for the Law of the Sea
2015	Hamburg’s first World Heritage Site: Speicherstadt and Kontorhaus District with Chilehaus

All figures in this folder apply to the year 2017,
unless otherwise stated.

Published by: Statistical Office of
Hamburg and Schleswig-Holstein

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Photo: Ulrich Niemann, Statistical Office of
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Published in August 2018